

FOR THE DISABLED IN THE EUROPEAN UNION LEGAL REGULATIONS

DISABLED EUROPEAN COMMUNIQUE FOR THE DISABLED

May 12, 2000, COM (2000) 284 final

People with disabilities are considered the most disadvantaged group living in the community and are constantly they face obstacles in all areas of social life. These barriers allow people to more restrictions than obstacles caused by deficiencies.

A clause in the Amsterdam Treaty to combat discrimination against the disabled is essential. Based on this article, the Council of Europe discriminated in 1999. The struggle has prepared a package program. This program provides employment and employment for disabled people. By publishing an EU-wide directive on discrimination in life, preventive. It proposes to prepare an action plan for taking measures.

This communiqué reviews the EU policies on people with disabilities. efforts to increase accessibility across Europe. foresees. With this communiqué that focuses on creating a barrier-free Europe for people with disabilities. vocational acquisition, education, vocational training, transportation, domestic market, information society and new technologies. A synergy at the European level has been tried to be created in such subjects. Independent movement is a prerequisite for participating in economic and social life, and in cases where this does not happen. The disabled individual cannot benefit from the rights granted to him sufficiently. Like e-europe. As in the initiatives, the functional developments of the EU technology will play a role in reducing the effects of their limitations and increasing their participation in social life. It is known. Accurate statistical information on the frequency of disability is effective cooperation and Consultancy mechanisms are important tools for this communiqué to take place in practice. Besides the physical barriers, the negative attitude of the society towards the disabled should also be resolved. are among the problems. For all these reasons the Commission from the Council 2003 awareness of the year as the European Year of the Disabled, he wanted it to be created and new policies to be created.

The EU's policies on disability at the international level were to the "Standard Rules Principle Decision for Disabled People on Equality of Opportunity" which he accepted. It is based. In this principle decision, employment and social life of individuals with disabilities. the acceptance of the society towards the disabled individual plays an important role in their participation. It is indicated. In order to follow these standard rules, the EU Commission "For the Disabled". He published a paper titled "Equal Opportunity". Commission member states on this issue expects them to carry out their activities in cooperation. Since 1997. At meetings with the European Parliament, member states and non-governmental organizations, and. The Council reports frequently address issues related to the disabled. Europe in 1997. Council prepared annually since the adoption of the Employment Strategy. The guidelines include issues related to disability. Member countries will prepare. Including groups with disabilities in National Action Plans for Employment. they should increase and strive to improve their business skills.

On February 4, 2000, a communiqué on business strategies was published in the information society. Europe. Employment of people with disabilities in this paper supporting the Employment Strategy and the e-Europe initiative.

and the user-friendly tools of the manufacturers in the information society. are asked to improve.

Member countries employment from the European Social Fund between 1994-99 received financial support to increase its opportunities. Work experience, wage support, protected many activities in the fields of establishing a business, establishing a business and establishing a cooperative. supported in scope. For the 2000-2006 process, especially disabled people from member countries supporting initiatives to create employability and equal opportunities It is expected.

Finding employment for some disabled people with special difficulties within the scope of "Employment Community Initiatives" and It is supported to protect its business. One of the four dimensions of this Initiative HORIZON in the vocational education of people with disabilities who have cerebral palsy and mental problems, and strives to ensure positive changes in employment policies. There are 1700 projects supported under HORIZON.

At the request of the Commission, social partners are good examples of the employment of people with disabilities. prepared a compilation that brought it together and Europe gathered in Vienna in December 1998. He submitted to the Council. In addition, on 19 May 1999, the employment of disabled people A common declaration was adopted. Sample applications code accepted in 1998 This code has been clarified to the policies of the European Institutions regarding the employment of disabled people. earned.

Socrates, Leonardo da Vinci, Health Promotion, Daphne, Prince, Phare and Tacis etc. programs projects for the needs of the disabled are supported through the project. Member countries cooperation A group at the European Union level (High Level Group of Senior Officials) It is provided through. This group is especially important among common member states. policies, good examples, information and It plays an important role in sharing experiences.

As per Article 13 of the Amsterdam Treaty, the European Commission was established on 26 November 1999. has prepared a comprehensive anti-discrimination package. Disabled people under this package all kinds of employment and professions in accordance with Article 13 of the Treaty of the Community Preparation of a Directive on the prohibition of discrimination and complementary measures preparation of an action plan that includes Disabled in the labor market Another process for discrimination they face is Community Initiative EQUAL (2000-2006) is. The purpose of this practice is to discriminate against all kinds of discrimination in the labor market. is to develop transnational cooperation against inequality.

Intergovernmental in Amsterdam, in addition to Article 13 of the Community treaty Combating discrimination against the disabled with the declaration numbered 22 adopted at the conference Efforts on the subject were brought forward. In this declaration, the European Community institutions, members disabled countries in the process of bringing their legal regulations closer to the European Union to take into account their needs and to combat discrimination and equality of opportunity. wants them to develop standards that increase integration in their fields.

This communiqué not only brings together specific goals and measures, but In line with the principle of combating discrimination and integrative approach, reveals the perspective. This communiqué is also used as a policy base by the member states. available.

SECTION 3 I. Roadmap for the Community to Add More Added Value

3.1. Towards Independent Life as a Citizen

In modern societies, the individual is independently to participate in social and economic life. If it cannot act, it cannot be thought that the individual can fully participate in society.

Especially individuals who have limitations in acting independently, social, cultural, unlike other people who have less participation in economic and political life Remains. Especially to integrate people with disabilities into society as much as possible To increase freedom of movement by increasing the possibilities of public transportation, social exclusion will greatly reduce.

The European Union has long been aware of the importance of this issue. The European Union in 1993 The Commission has a chance to use the transportation resources of disabled people with mobility restrictions. has adopted the "Community Action Plan on Accessible Transport" in order to increase it. This coordinating plan research projects, communicating on information programs, transportation sub a series on setting technical standards applicable to the structure and means of transportation It consists of a community measure.

Recently, the Commission aimed at transport vehicles carrying more than eight passengers. Directive that includes measures to increase the accessibility of individuals with disabilities accepted. Draft Directive on the vehicles to be used in urban passenger transport systems offers technical recipes for accessibility. At the same time Intercity passenger It also contains recommendations for transport systems.

European Union efforts to increase the accessibility of individuals with disabilities are presented below takes place in the fields.

- To increase the level of service; disabled in all transportation systems and public transportation vehicles to prepare guidebooks for the necessary arrangements for individuals,
- Access to rail systems; carried out to increase the accessibility of passengers To implement some of the suggestions made as a result of the COST335 project The commission has efforts.
- Airline; European Civil Aviation Conference by airport and airline and the practices proposed by the International Civil Aviation Organization, and Although significant efforts have been made to follow standards, individuals with disabilities While traveling across Europe, it encounters problems in some cases. The Commission made an effort to set passenger rights for airline users. thinks to enter.
- Marine transportation; International Maritime Business Organization in June 1991 (IMO) "design and passenger to meet the needs of the disabled and the elderly issued a recommendation on the operation of their ships ". The Commission recommends this decision of the Handiami Project (the sea transportation vehicles of disabled people what to do in an emergency that they may encounter while using it, and research on employing disabled individuals in maritime businesses) He is working on the implementation. For example, December 29, 1999/35 / EC Disabled people using ferries and city lines ferries in Council Directive No. on the safety of individuals, "all businesses will be provided for disabled and elderly people To inform all passengers in terms of service and support,

informing and giving all stimuli in accordance with low vision " It is desirable.

- Integrative Trans-European Network; In the EU European Transport Network development guide (TEN-9) Ensuring the sustainable mobility of people across Europe it should be emphasized. A clear statement about people with disabilities in this guide although it is not observed in the next guide (TEN-10) from old age or disability the accessibility of individuals with mobility restrictions to this transportation network. There is a statement regarding the increase.
- Integration studies in advanced research; in the fifth framework research program accessibility in research and studies related to transportation infrastructure and transportation systems coverage is foreseen.
- The Community will establish the European Local Transport Information Service (ELTIS) and establish the International Collective Good in cooperation with the Transport Association (UITP) and local and regional POLIS network tried to provide support and dissemination of application examples. For individuals with mobility restrictions in this system installed on the computer network

- There are examples of accessible transportation options in the member states of the parking card recommendation for disabled people adopted in June 1998 mutual recognition is encouraged.

Increasing Accessibility: Closing Gaps Between Sectors

Unless the entire transportation system is thoroughly reviewed for accessibility, increasing the accessibility of means of transport will not be sufficient. With limited mobility accessible buses, unless individuals have access to bus stops and train stations; and making trains will not be very meaningful. Access to the building, access to public areas and transportation A framework should be identified to cover such gaps between accessing systems.

Industry, information society, social cohesion, regional development, environment at European Union level, in policy areas related to transportation, social policy, workplace health and safety. all events have an impact on accessibility. Employer's workplace of disabled employee such as the 89/391 / EEC Framework Directive prepared to make it suitable for use some EU legal regulations address issues related to mobility. Disabled individuals Council Directive 95/16 / EC of 29 June 1995 on lifts used by It was prepared. Again on the safety and accessibility of Lifts, dated June 8, 1995 the council has a recommendation.

In the Commission's view, coordination between the European Union policy areas It should increase accessibility. By doing so, it will increase the quality of business life, will ensure the safety of its customer and improve the effectiveness of the European Industry. In fact, policies to increase the employment of individuals with disabilities the opportunity to fully realize unless effective measures for accessibility are taken can not find.

In addition, creating a safe and suitable work environment fully supports the work capacity of the disabled individual. It is important in terms of being able to use it and maintain its existence in a competitive environment. Accessibility stands out in some of the services provided to the public. This is especially tourism it provides surplus returns for the organization that provides service in the industry because these organizations It is preferred for elderly people with disabilities and mobility impairments.

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- Commission European Union Built with the contribution of industrial organizations and consumers It will define the areas where Environmental Accessibility Standards can be applied.
- New transport and infrastructure systems with the financial support of the EU in Europe It is developed. This support is mainly for Trans-European Network and Structural Funds (structural funds) to projects prepared with due consideration, to a large extent. Usage time of transportation vehicles and infrastructure is too long Accessibility should be included in the design process of these. Commission in design and construction project proposals sent to the EU for financial support they follow accessibility requirements, accepted standards and good practices. to the extent of evaluation.
- Commission monitoring good practices on accessibility from public authorities It expects it to support the building sector.
- The Commission is based on its own assessments and reports from member states. Whether they fulfill the requirements stipulated by the 89/391 / EEC directive and evaluate the countries regarding their enforcement sanctions.
- Commission in an electronic environment under the European Health and Safety Agency With the database it will publish, good examples of workplace practices and apology at the workplace It provides information about the methods of orientation.
- The Commission ensures accessibility across Europe and eliminates architectural barriers. architect, civil engineer and the profession in environmental and design staff to obtain adequate information about measures related to accessibility It must be provided. The Commission is making efforts in this direction.
- To ensure universal accessibility in the fifth framework program It is stated that the roads should be investigated.

3.3. Presenting the Information Society to Everyone's Benefit

Access to information has also gained importance in the information society. Especially knowledge and advances in communication technology opportunities for people
It eliminates many obstacles. However, individuals with disabilities
despite this, it may encounter various obstacles in this area.

In this context, the European Union is responsible for everyone, including people with disabilities, from the information society.
has initiated various studies to take advantage of it. This Commission's "Social and Labor
Market Dimension of the information Society People First-Next Step"
technology's participation in these processes to increase integration and employment of disabled people
It aims at promoting and disseminating it.

Other relevant initiatives are included in the Commission's directive 98/10 / EC. vowel
from the member states in terms of universal telecommunications in telephone and competition environment
Taking measures to ensure the accessibility of individuals with disabilities
It is desirable. At the meeting of the Council and the European Parliament of 9 March 1999 Radio and
Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive Some class equipment to the Commission
It gives the authority to adapt such tools to the shape that disabled people can use.

The European Standard of the Commission within the framework of the European Information Society Standardization policy
identification agencies, CENELEC, ETSI and CEN, for individuals with disabilities and older people
specific standards to increase their access and participation to benefit from the information society
has instructions for their determination <http://www.cenorm.be/iss/workshop/design-for-All/Default.htm>.

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Participation in the information society and its independent life in the Fifth RTD Framework Program
support and adaptive systems for supporting services and removing environmental barriers
it is required to investigate. The European Commission Joint Research Center is also actively
It tries to develop new technologies for the use of disabled people.

On 8 December 1999 the European Commission launched the "e-Europe: Information for All" initiative.
This initiative will ensure that everyone in Europe has access to information in the information society.
studies started. Accordingly, ten fields of activity were identified, one of these fields of activity
is also aimed at providing disabled people with access to information. To increase the access of disabled people to information
The aims determined for this are:

- Reviewing all legal regulations and standards related to the information society
reassessment in terms of accessibility;
- The Commission's disability in public supply systems on information and communication matters
a communiqué describing how to take into account the needs of individuals
Publishing;
- The European Union Institutions and the Member States' existing "Web Accessibility Initiative"
increase the use of the information provided to the public on the web
It should also be prepared in accordance with the accessibility of the disabled.
(The <http://www.w3.org/tr/wa>), web designs for the use of people with disabilities
public and private sector cooperation should be encouraged to make it widespread;
- Curriculum where designers and engineers will be trained on accessibility
should be prepared and interaction between authorized institutions should be initiated.

3.4. What Technology Makes Possible: Support Technology Market

Applying the design principle for everyone in the technology, service and product industry
The result of making production suitable for a wide range of users including disabled people
It raises. However, producing a wider range is suitable for all disabled individuals.
it does not mean that the product can be made. This type of users' access to technology
the most guaranteed way to ensure production or product according to their specific needs
to adapt for the disabled person to use. This type of adapted or custom made
technologies are called support technology.

Although these products have a very large market, but with the increase in the population, this

it is thought that the market will grow even more. Elderly with disabilities and mobility restrictions people's support technology products only cost 326 billion ECU in 1990. Special Judging by the support technology market, this amount is now 10 billion euros annually and this amount it continues with an annual increase of 10-20%. Looking at the European industry, these products produced by very small and medium-sized industrial entrepreneurs and generally very large it appears that they do not have a product catalog and have limited resources. Increasing the interest of the European industry on this issue and the market at the European Union level As a result of its creation, reasonable priced products and services may emerge. Fifth program within the framework of small and medium-sized industrial entrepreneurs producing in this direction It is envisaged to be supported.

- In the Council's Directive on medical devices (93/42 / EEC, OJL 169,12.07.1993) Some support products produced for the disabled are included. The purpose of this directive is clear and creating a transparent European Union market. CEN Technical Committee was first Product groups such as 293 (Technical Support Standards for Disabled People)

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has set standards for. Creating standards for other product groups stage is.

- Commission aimed at individuals with disabilities and older people from CEN / CENELEC / ETSI information society of individuals with disabilities in coordination with representatives of organizations He wanted the standards to be developed that he could access. Instruction new When planning products services, consider the design principle for everyone it wants it to be kept and expanded.
- Prerequisite for the collection and dissemination of information to be presented to users and the market is to provide information, advice and guidance. Other databases from Handynet and Commission on national experience as a result of information gathering projects support technologies improve the knowledge and coordination between information services. to increase the opportunities that can be provided for disabled people in the widespread use process. aims.
- The availability of affordable support technology products and their affordable prices It is also important for individuals to benefit from the opportunities equally. Member countries is obliged to determine the provisions on support equipment. With this together, our link to the elimination of social, physical and political barriers making it easier for people with disabilities and older people to be in a more disabled environment. will provide the opportunity to live. This is one of the goals the EU is trying to achieve. It is one.
- In the purchase of taxes and customs duties from auxiliary equipment of the European Commission, from countries trying to provide a discount or tax exemption Awaits. On the way to reduce the tax rate on health equipment calls (77/388 / EEC, OJL 145,13.06.1977). . Council Regulation (918/83 / EEC, OJL 105,23.04.1983) in some special cases without import procedures provides the opportunity to import.

3.5. Protection of Rights of Disabled Consumers

In the past, especially companies whose products were used by a large part of the population considered the needs of individuals with disabilities. However, companies are eligible products that meet the needs of individuals with disabilities when management techniques are applied by creating a new market and creating a price balance.

started to adopt. This trend has also started to affect European consumer policy,

The rights of disabled consumers are tried to be secured together with all consumers.

Providing financial support to projects or informing organizations so far with this approach developed in the form. One of the works carried out in this direction is the Need of Private Users.

is to develop the criteria. In the implementation of the Design Principle for All, products

These criteria can also be used in the comparative test and protocols to be prepared.

In the context of consumer protection, in Directive 95/46 / EC (Official Gazette 281, 23.11.1995)

It also safeguards the protection of personal information about disability.

These positive developments should strengthen with the following activities:

- Within the framework of the Consumer Policies Action Plan prepared for the new millennium, the Commission,

especially for justice, financial services and product security
It should take into account that it is given an ambiguous place.

- In the field of consumer safety, the Commission is to pay particular attention to the safety and use of disabled people has brought imperative.

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- In new legal regulations regarding electronic communication infrastructure and related services
Targets should be set for the needs of disabled consumers.

4. SECTION II. POLICY TOOLS FOR THE CONTRIBUTION OF THE COMMUNITY

“The inadequacy of disability related information, ignorance and prejudice, it prevents the formation of policies. The differences of the disabled in themselves, different conditions, types of disability and degree of disability, with different disabilities encounters make the solution of this problem more difficult. Any precaution When acquiring a strong knowledge, coordination and consultancy mechanisms are indispensable is important.

4.1. Interpretation of Numbers and Determining Needs

Independently in the home, work and social life of people with disabilities the Commission and policy makers will plan to ensure their the measures they will design will provide reliable statistics and demographic data on disabled people. It depends.

In 1992/1993, EUROSTAT on the socio-economic status and qualifications of the disabled published a comprehensive document containing various statistics. A multi-purpose research European Community Household Panel, obtaining comparable statistics across Europe has been carried out by the European Statistical System since 1994.

The Commission aims to develop appropriate statistical information with the following activities:

- Health, social protection, health and safety at work, employment and education data collection. In addition, the Commission dated September 8, 1999 and numbered 1924/1999. According to the Directive, a report on the employment of disabled people in the European Labor Survey Studies on putting modules will be completed in 2002. On disability member in terms of definitions and data collection methods comparable cooperation will be made between countries. Data if needed Efforts will be made to eliminate incompatibilities.
- Health Monitoring Program, health indicators and data in the European Union It aims to develop a framework to be comparable. This indicators are different disability in terms of daily life, social life and work skills will provide a better understanding of their types and grades.
- Fifth RTD framework Program (1998-2002) especially quality of life and life "Research on aging populations and disabled people" to the development of knowledge about disability through its activities will contribute.
- These programs are aimed especially at the social and physical environment of disabled people (e.g. rehabilitation and support technologies), effective and adequate health and social improving the quality of life and independence of care services aims.

4.2. Designing Integrated European Union Programs

The Commission aims to create open and usable programs for all European Union citizens. aims. When designing a program regardless of the subject in the European Union

It will be made accessible to all citizens, including individuals with disabilities.
 In cases where the access of individuals with disabilities may be restricted, special precautions can be taken and disabled.
 reduction of limitations arising from the barriers of individuals as much as possible
 It is aimed.

The Commission will ensure the participation of people with disabilities in general programs. Opportunity for this purpose
 in order to meet the special needs of the disabled in order to ensure equality
 it will also include special measures. The cost of these special measures is that the community's budget allows
 process will be considered.

4.3. Sampling

In order to create barrier-free services, the EU Commission will set an example
 will continue to support applications.

a) Employment

Very few representations of individuals with disabilities in the labor market, especially in public services
 It is. The Commission, together with other EU institutions, said in 1998, "Employment of the Disabled
 Sample Application Principles". These principles are based on business exams and
 adaptation procedures for disabled candidates, when it comes to disabled employment
 vocational training for these individuals focuses on workplace arrangements.

In this framework, the Commission will increase the employment of disabled people in European Public Services.
 will take the necessary measures in order to. Organization of exams, career development, administrative support
 and offices designed for the disabled are among the topics to be evaluated in this context.
 It is also decided to determine the appropriate professions for the disabled.

Knowledge and sensitivity of the staff working in the commission institutions and organizations about disability
 will encourage them to go through enhancing training. Discrimination against the disabled in this education
 There will also be information and information sections about the disabled.

b) Accessibility

Within the framework of the principles stated above, the Commission strategies on accessibility
 It will improve. In addition, in the reorganization of existing buildings, new buildings
 National standards will be ensured in its construction.

c) Information and Communication

Citizens with disabilities in Europe
 has equal rights. Failure to provide information in appropriate formats enables people with disabilities to access information.
 hampers. The Commission should involve more people in terms of access to information and
 it uses the internet to reduce the cost of accessing information. because of
 In this way, the information provided in formats suitable for the disabled will enable the disabled to access the information.
 and it will make it easier. However, the availability of documents on the Internet can be accessed alone
 It does not provide. In terms of access with which operating system language and documents are written
 is important.

Differences in the needs of people with disabilities to ensure that communication is holistic and therefore effective
 It must be taken into attention. Disability difficulties in accessing information presented in standard formats
 live. Alternative for individuals with affective and cognitive difficulties in accessing information

formats are required.

In addition to the points mentioned in the third section, the Commission will perform.

- The Official Journal of the European Community (OJL) is a will develop and implement a standard to ensure access. Same the creation of materials in alternative formats and across Europe will support its dissemination through the Publishers Forum.
- The Commission amended its principles on accessibility to Commission documents. increasingly alternative to information and publications on policies, programs and services. will be published in formats.

d) Integration in European Schools in European Schools

Integration of Education Ministers and Council children with disabilities into inclusion schools has made various recommendations and policy decisions. These initiatives state at the European level carried out in schools. Especially the European School Administrator's Board's education in 1995 established a support committee and through this board at all levels of European schools It aimed to ensure the inclusion of disabled people.

4.4 Counseling Services for the Disabled

Life experiences affect and prevent them from accessing services to disabled people. quickly grasp policies and practices and find solutions to the problems they face gained the skill. The Commission, the majority of the ideas in this communiqué are disabled, It emerged as a result of a dialogue with experts and associations in the field of disability. The Commission is one of the non-governmental organizations for the disabled when implementing Community initiatives. will receive counseling.

Capacity of the disabled to increase their contribution in policy and program development It will be strengthened. The Commission is responsible for organizations related to the disabled, other non-governmental organizations. it will increase collaboration and promote information sharing.

4.5 Strengthening Coordination of Commission Services

In terms of the coordination of policies on disabilities in the relevant areas of the Commission, All the General Directorates related to the important mechanism "Interservice group on disability" has an active contribution within the group and this group has a sensitivity in the field of disability. It makes a very effective effort in terms of development and provides cross-sectoral cooperation.

Disability interservice group sharing information in the relevant activities of all policy areas to meet regularly to determine requirements and contribute will continue.

Alternative information on disability issues under the Interservice group Commission services will develop forms of presentation.

Within the context of commission services, information on European programs and initiatives It aims to prepare a guide to support disabled people who want to reach.

Equal Opportunities for Disabled People: European Action Plan

Brussels, 30.10.2003 COM (2003) final

The success of the 2003 European Year of the Disabled is sustainable beyond 2003. can be measured with the results. The European Commission, with all parties involved in the European Year of Persons with Disabilities, it wants to go beyond the successes achieved together. The purpose of this paper is enlarged To develop a sustainable and operational approach for Europe. This plan is the European Union A framework and reference point for inclusion of the disability dimension in (EU) policies and promoting the creation and development of policies at the national level

you will.

This communiqué is for the integration of the disabled in the enlarged EU economy and society. It constitutes the framework for future EU initiatives. Three in the foreseen approach the operational goal stands out:

- Implementation of the "Equal Treatment in Employment Directive" (2000/78 / EC)
- Inclusion of disability dimension in relevant Community policies
- Improving "Accessibility for All"

This communiqué sets out an Action Plan for the process until 2010.

The purpose of the action plan is to include disability issues in the relevant Community policies and concrete measures are taken in certain areas to ensure the integration of disabled people. To ensure the inclusion of disability issues in Community policies, the Commission has an annual report on the general situation of people with disabilities in enlarged Europe. It will be published. The report will also include developments in member countries. Commission, while producing policies in order to produce permanent solutions in the economy and social area, will encourage the parties to be involved in this process.

Employment is of key importance for social integration. Therefore, EU Disabled. The first phase of the Action Plan (2004-2005) will promote the employment of people with disabilities. It will emphasize the issue of creating the necessary conditions. In this process, enlarged Europe. It will be ensured that the labor market is more accessible. Accordingly, the Action Plan. Its first phase reveals the four concrete priorities:

- Having a job, staying at work and fighting discrimination,
- Life for increasing employment opportunities, adaptation, personal development and active citizenship learning all along,
- Developing and using new technologies to empower the disabled so that increasing employment opportunities,
- Public spaces for reaching workplaces, integration with the economy and society accessibility.

By the Commission, the general situation of people with disabilities in enlarged Europe. In the light of the effects of EU policies, the report, which will be evaluated and will be prepared biennially, it will be a reference in determining the priorities of the next stages.

COMMUNITY ACTION PLAN AGAINST DISCRIMINATION (2001-2006)

27 November 2000, Council Decision (2000/750 / EC)

1) European Union; respect for freedom, democracy, human rights and fundamental freedoms, and law is based on the principles. 6 (2) of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the article European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, Member States common traditions and fundamental rights guaranteed by the Community Act Europe. The Union must respect.

(2) European Parliament, equal treatment and equal opportunities in all areas of discrimination challenges the European Union to develop and strengthen its policy.

(3) The European Union rejects theories to identify individual human races. This. The concept of "racial origin" in the decision does not mean accepting these theories.

(4) As women often face discrimination in many areas, in accordance with the Treaty, the Program. In the implementation of the Community, the elimination of inequalities between men and women and will try to improve.

(5) No discrimination can be tolerated. The program exemplifies both good practices in member countries policies and new practices to take and fight against multiple discrimination.

aims to be developed. This decision is to fight all kinds of discrimination in various fields can help build a holistic strategy for.

(6) Community experiences, especially in gender, in practice combating discrimination is possible through mutually supporting legislation and practices. showed that.

(7) Since the Community has specific actions against gender discrimination, the Program Apart from discrimination, it should deal with all areas of discrimination. In different fields discrimination can have similar characteristics and can be fought similarly. discrimination The experience gained in the fight can also be used on other platforms. However, for this The peculiarities of discrimination in different forms make it suitable for the situation. It should be brought. Therefore, the special needs of people with disabilities should be taken into consideration in terms of accessibility.

(8) Participation in the program is open to all public and / or private bodies, organizations that fight discrimination. should be. Likewise, the experience and skills of local and national civil organizations should be kept in mind.

(9) Many non-governmental organizations in Europe on combating discrimination he has experience through people who have been discriminated against. Therefore, these organizations, discriminated against in order to better understand the various forms and effects of discrimination designing, implementing and monitoring programs that take into account people's experiences they can contribute significantly to their work. Community working on this in the past has funded many organizations. In the fight against discrimination, effective institutions supporting it can be a useful initiative.

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(10) The measures necessary for the implementation of this Decision shall be determined by the Commission for implementation. The Council's Decision of 28 June 1999 and 1999/468 / EC withdrawing the powers granted It should be considered in accordance with.

(11) To strengthen Community action, the Commission, together with other member states, has made this Decision. actions and other Community policies, instruments and ensure that their actions are compatible and complementary at all levels. This situation especially education, providing equal opportunities to women and men and ensuring social integration valid in the fields. Related to the European Racism and Xenophobia Observation Center Consistency and complementarity with their activities should also be considered.

(12) The European Economic Area Agreement (EEA Agreement), on the one hand, the European Community and Member States and, on the other hand, Europe Freelance participating in the European Economic Area Agreement Stronger cooperation possible on social issues between the Trade Agreement (EFTA) countries It makes. Europe to open this program to candidate countries in Central and Eastern Europe with the conditions established in the agreements, additional protocols, Cyprus, Malta and Turkey Preparations should be made in accordance with the decisions regarding.

(13) Budget related decisions.

(14) The Commission and the Member States are all texts, guides and published under this program. It should ensure that proposals / proposals are in a clear, simple and accessible language.

(15) When obstacles occur in participation in the program, participants overcome these obstacles, where necessary. Special assistance should be provided.

(16) For the success of any Community action, the objectives and results should be compared. should be observed and evaluated.

(17) In accordance with the principle of subsidiarity defined in Article 5 of the Treaty Member States, multilateral to the Community's proposed action to combat discrimination the need for groups, the transnational exchange of knowledge and good practices they can not reach full due to its spread throughout. According to the principle of proportionality of the same item, this

The decision does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve these goals,

The Council made the Following Decisions:

ARTICLE 1

Creating the Program

This Decision constitutes the Community's action program and includes race, ethnicity, religion, belief, To combat direct or indirect discrimination based on disability, age or sexual orientation 1 It will be held between January 2001 and December 31, 2006, after which the "Program" will be referred to as.

ARTICLE 2

Occasion

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Within the power of the Community, the Program discriminates at Community level and in member states It should support legal developments and efforts to prevent and combat discrimination. This the objectives will be:

- a) Giving information about the phenomenon of discrimination and policies and practices in this regard developing an understanding of discrimination by assessing its effectiveness;
- b) Different discrimination to prevent discrimination and to effectively draw attention to discrimination especially considering the organizations' specific characters strengthening action tools and supporting information exchange and good practice; and Networking at European level;
- c) Anti-discrimination practices, including awareness-raising campaigns. dissemination.

ARTICLE 3

Community Actions

1. In order to achieve the objectives in Article 2, the following actions are transnational It must be performed:

- a) Analysis of discrimination factors and legal regulations against discrimination and evaluating the effectiveness of applications;
- b) Transnational cooperation and prevention of discrimination at European level and combating discrimination expanding the network among partners, including non-governmental organizations;
- c) Emphasizing the European dimension in combating discrimination and reporting the results of the program Raising awareness through publications, campaigns and events.

2. Regulations that include the implementation of Community actions specified in the first paragraph are attached. It is shown.

ARTICLE 4

Implementation of the Program and Cooperation with Member States

Commission

- a) Ensure that Community actions specified in the program are implemented as in Annex.

b) With representatives of non-governmental organizations and social partners at European level. Regular views on political trends in the design, implementation and monitoring of the program should exchange. The Commission exchanged views on the committee established in Article 6. should inform about.

2. The Commission, in cooperation with member states, should take the necessary steps to:

- a) All interested parties, including NGOs of various sizes. ensuring their participation in the program;
- b) In addition to the development of active partnership and dialogue among all the partners participating in the program supporting mixed and coordinated approaches to discrimination;
- c) ensuring the distribution of the results of the actions carried out under the program;
- d) Providing accessible information about actions supported by the program, appropriate presentation and monitoring.

ARTICLE 5

Application of Measures

1. Necessary measures for the implementation of this Decision on the following issues are provided in Article 6 (2). it must be enacted (accepted) in accordance with the specified procedures:

- a) General guide for the implementation of the program;
- b) Program actions, including adding and adapting program topics annual business plan for implementation;
- c) financial support provided by the Community;
- d) the annual budget of the program and the fund being interrupted during different actions;
- e) Organizing the actions and organizations chosen to support the Community and this creating the draft list on the subject;
- f) Monitoring and evaluation of the program, especially effective use of resources, results determination of criteria for distribution and transmission.

2. The measures necessary for the implementation of this Decision are advisory in Article 6 (3). must be accepted in accordance with the procedure.

ARTICLE 6

Committee

- 1. The Commission will be assisted by a committee.
- 2. In the case of reference to this paragraph, Articles 4 and 7 of the Decision 1999/468 / EC It should be applied.

Decision 4 (3) of 1999/468 / EC. The period specified in the article should be two months.

ARTICLE 7

Cooperation with Other Committees

To ensure the consistency and complementarity of the program with other measures mentioned in Article 8 for the Committee, the Committee regularly on actions dealing with discrimination. must inform. The Commission, when appropriate, this Commission and other relevant policies, regular and structured among committees created to monitor vehicles and actions should establish cooperation.

ARTICLE 8

Consistency and Complementarity

1. The Commission, in cooperation with the Member States, other Union and Community policies, instruments and actions, especially by establishing appropriate mechanisms to research the actions of the program, employment, gender equality, social integration, culture, education, youth policies and the external It should ensure overall consistency in coordinating actions related to their relationship.
2. Commission and Member States, actions taken under the program and other relevant Especially structural funds and Community Initiative (Equal) between Union and Community actions should ensure consistency and complementarity.
3. Member States consistency within the program and at the national, regional and local level; and complementarity.

ARTICLE 9

Participation of EFTA / EEA Countries Central and Eastern European Partner Countries, Cyprus Cutting, Malta and Turkey

The program should be open to the participation of the following countries:

- a) EFTA / EEA countries in accordance with the terms of the EEA Agreement;
- b) Central and European Union terms, additional protocols and Common Council decisions. Eastern European Countries;
- c) Cyprus, Malta and Turkey.

ARTICLE 10

Fund

1. The amount determined for the implementation of the program between 2001-2006 98.4 million Euros.
2. Annual expenses will be determined by budget officials.

ARTICLE 11

Monitoring and Evaluation

1. The Commission shall cooperate with the Member States in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 6 (2) or 6 (3).

should watch the program regularly.

2. The Commission should evaluate the program with the help of independent experts. This evaluation in terms of suitability, effectiveness and cost effectiveness for the purposes set out in Article 2 must be

Evaluation, actions carried out under the program and other relevant Community policies, it will explore complementarity between its tools and actions.

3. The Commission will report the evaluation report on the implementation of the program in Europe. To the Parliament, the Council, the Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions 31 Will present in December 2005.

ARTICLE 12

Effective Date

The decision takes effect on the date of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

Brussels, 27 November 2000

President

the E.GUIGO

ATTACHMENTS

APPLICATION OF THE PROGRAM

I. Action Areas

The Program, in the following areas, within the framework of the Treaty's powers to the Community applicable:

- a) No discrimination in public administration and practices;
- b) No discrimination in the media and its applications;
- c) Equal participation in political, economic and social decisions
- d) Public open goods and services such as housing, transportation, culture, leisure activities and sports equality in reaching and ensuring them;
- e) Effective monitoring of all forms of discrimination, including multiple discrimination;
- f) Information about rights on equal treatment and discrimination effectively Dissemination;
- g) Dissemination of policies and practices against discrimination

The program will respect the principle of being against gender discrimination in all events.

In the implementation of the program, for the mutual benefit of the Commission and the beneficiaries, the program and determination, preparation, management, control of accounts and other controls The Commission may receive technical and / or administrative assistance in its matters.

The Commission can directly work on the purpose of this program, meetings with experts can organize, organize information campaigns and publish.

II. Access to the Program

Access to this program to the public and / or private institutions and organizations that combat discrimination especially;

- a) To the member countries;
- b) Local and regional authorities;
- c) To organizations working to promote equal treatment;
- d) To social partners;
- e) Civil Society Organizations;
- f) To universities and research institutes;
- g) To national statistical offices
- h) It should be open to the media.

III. Actions

1. Analysis and Evaluation

The following measures can be supported:

1. Comparable in the Community in accordance with national laws and practices on discrimination generation and dissemination of statistics;
2. Policy and anti-discrimination in accordance with national laws and practices developing applications, disseminating methods and evaluating their effectiveness;
3. Laws and practices against discrimination through annual reports its effectiveness and evaluation of the lessons learned in terms of dissemination;
4. Thematic studies comparing various discrimination issues within themselves and with each other. Made;

The Commission observed in the implementation of this section, European Racism and Xenophobia Framework for research, technological development and demonstration activities of the Center and the Community and Community statistics program should ensure consistency and integrity.

2.Capacity Development

The effectiveness and capacities of the programs implemented within the scope of combating discrimination To increase it, the following can be done:

1. Exchange of information, lessons learned and good practices among at least three member states done. These exchanges are based on the effectiveness of processes, methods and tools related to selected topics. comparison, mutual transfer of good practices, personnel exchanges, common product, process, developing strategies and methods, adapting methods to different contexts, good dissemination of tools and processes and / or common results defined as practice, it can be in the form of making materials and activities visible. Supported by the Fund discrimination will be considered in the selection of practices;
2. Europe that advocates for discrimination and experienced discrimination integrated and coordinated to non-discrimination against relevant non-governmental organizations at the level of basic payment from the fund to ensure an approach.

Basic payment will be made for 90% of the expenditures.

Discrimination faced by different and heterogeneous groups in the selection of these organizations discrimination can be considered.

3. Awareness Raising

The following measures can be supported:

1. Organizing conferences, seminars and events at European level;
2. To support the implementation of Community laws on combating discrimination
Organizing seminars in Member States and in national organizations
Development of the European dimension;
3. "Capacity for the transnational exchange of knowledge and dissemination of good practices"
Media such as awarding successful events under the title of "Development"
organizing campaigns and events, making the fight against discrimination visible;
4. Publishing the results of the program through an Internet site,
demonstration of application examples on this Site, forum for exchange of ideas and
establishing a database to find partners in transnational acts;

GENERAL FRAMEWORK ON EQUAL TREATMENT IN EMPLOYMENT AND WORK

27 November 2000, Council Directive

(2000/78 EC)

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For the year 2000 adopted by the Council of Europe meeting in Helsinki in 1999 to combat discrimination against groups such as the disabled in employment principles encouraging the employment market, which enables social participation by establishing consistent policies to be emphasized.

Discrimination based on religion and beliefs, disability, age and gender; European Community the achievement of the objectives of the treaty, in particular high levels of employment and social reaching protection, raising living standards, economic and social unity and it can affect solidarity and free movement of people.

Taking measures to meet the needs of people with disabilities in workplaces, plays an important role in combating discrimination based on violence.

Measures should be taken to make the work places suitable for the disabled, for example, working places and equipment, working hours, task sharing, training opportunities, inclusion resources should be adapted to disability situations.

Whether these measures are a heavy burden, especially monetary and other costs, sizes and financial resources of relevant institutions and organizations, the state of making use of the public funds or otherwise.

Considering the above mentioned issues, the Council of the EU is equal in employment and work He made decisions about behaving.

Article 5: To guarantee the compliance with the principles of equal treatment in relation to persons with disabilities In terms of these, opportunities should be provided to these people within reasonable dimensions. This is for employers Appropriate measures should be taken by employers, unless it creates an excessive burden, especially when needed, people with disabilities get jobs, rise at work or This includes making arrangements for them to receive education.

EUROPEAN UNION FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS DOCUMENT

(2000 / C 364/01)

Article 21: Gender, race, color, ethnic or social origin, genetic characteristics, language, religion, or opinions on beliefs, politics or other issues, being a member of a national minority, property, birth, No discrimination is made based on issues such as disability, age, and sexual orientation.

Article 26: The European Union includes the independence of people with disabilities in social and professional terms. Take advantage of measures that will enable them to participate and contribute to their community recognizes and respects these rights.

ENCOURAGEMENT OF EMPLOYMENT OF THE DISABLED AND SOCIAL INTEGRATIONS BE

15 June 2003, Council Principle Resolution

(2003 / C175 / 01)

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Implement the following provisions in line with Council member states and commission powers beckons:

Ø Cooperation of all disability-related bodies (at national, European and civil society level) encourage,

Considering that people with disabilities have equal rights with other individuals in the community Encouraging the participation of people with disabilities in all areas of social life,

On the elimination of obstacles to the participation of the disabled in the labor force to continue efforts. Education for the disabled in line with the principle of equal treatment in this regard and development opportunities are foreseen to be developed.

Efforts to make the lifelong learning process more accessible for the disabled Display. In this context, the quality of access to learning, vocational education and employment new information and communication technologies and the internet accessible for the disabled ensuring that

Obstacles to the participation of disabled people in social life, especially in business life elimination in line with the single design principle for all and emerging in the future preventing obstacles.

The General Framework Directive on final treatment of employment and job Until date, its adaptation to national laws and its implementation.

Additional measures in case of need for the employment and social integration of people with disabilities receipt.

The objectives of the European employment strategy on promoting the employment of people with disabilities in line with the measures that can be taken both at the European and national level considered.

National action plans on social exclusion and poverty to be prepared in the future inclusion of the disability dimension.

Continuing to share information and experiences on these issues at European level and including the experiences of relevant European organizations in this process.

Collection of statistical data on the conditions of the disabled. While this data is being collected Paying special attention to gender-based data collection.

The group working towards the problem areas of the disabled in the European Union (EU Group of High Level Officials).

During all stages of policy making, implementation, monitoring and evaluation, inclusion of the disability dimension.

Women in policy making and evaluations to ensure equal treatment paying attention to issues.

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January 20 to increase the employment of disabled people and promote equal opportunities. Based on the 2003 declaration, in activities related to the employment of disabled people and collective based on social dialogue in contracts.

CULTURAL ACTIVITIES FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES AND THIS EVENTS AVAILABILITY

May 6, 2003, Council Resolution

European Union due to the obstacles they encounter in terms of access to physical, social and information expresses the culture and artistic aspects of many disabled people and their cultural heritage. that they are limited in achieving their artistic creativity. It has attracted.

According to the 10th article of the Standard Rules, the inclusion of disabled people and cultural Participation in activities should be ensured under equal conditions. At the same time theaters, museums, cinemas and cultural events such as library buildings should be made accessible. Besides this technical equipment for literary, film and theater are also available for the disabled should be.

Accessibility of individuals with disabilities to cultural infrastructures, cultural events and media Applicable measures should be taken to ensure

Commission and member countries;

Seeking various ways to integrate people with disabilities into arts and culture; and Providing equal opportunities in the production and promotion conditions of the work of people with disabilities

To contribute to increasing the positive images of individuals with disabilities, Supporting,

Existing to make culture easier and more accessible for people with disabilities In order to remove obstacles;

Monuments, archaeological sites, museums and cultural events ensuring physical accessibility to these areas without violating the policy decision to protect and meeting physical accessibility requirements in future buildings;

- Providing information about modern information technologies,

-Cultural subtitle, sign language, Braille catalog and guide etc. in cultural events. ensuring that arrangements are made.

Agree to share information and phrases with relevant European organizations at European level would.

OPPORTUNITY IN EDUCATION AND VOCATIONAL EDUCATION FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES PROVIDING

May 5, 2003, Council Principle Resolution

(2003 / C 134/04)

Treaty on European Union, European Union, gender, race, ethnicity, religion, age, opportunity to combat discrimination from disability or sexual preferences yielded. During the fight against discrimination, the member countries may differ their language and culture, Considering the content of education systems and curriculums, they will make arrangements.

The Standard developed by the United Nations on Equal Opportunities for Individuals with Disabilities According to Article 6 of the Rules: Member States, in line with the principle of equality, children, youth and equal opportunity in education should be provided for adults, pre-school in fused environments Special "attention" should be provided for children, adults with disabilities and especially women.

Governments, support groups, teachers, especially disability organizations and families its increasing interest increases the accessibility of individuals with special needs to education.

The European Union and its member states can provide education and training for people with disabilities aims to increase the level of access to vocational education

In order to increase accessibility to education and vocational education, European Union and member countries;

To the society through appropriate education and vocational training of children and young people with special needs supporting their full participation and training systems that fit their needs they have been inserted,

To make lifelong learning more accessible for people with disabilities and in this context, new services to facilitate access to services and resources and to improve the quality of education paying more attention to the use of multimedia tools and the Internet (e-learning),

Access of persons with disabilities to WEB sites with guidance, education and vocational training providing and supporting them by providing guidance service in this regard,

Disabled individuals themselves or, if necessary, their families or responsible persons, disabilities Providing the necessary information and guidance for the individual to choose the appropriate education style,

Teachers in the field of special education are at the beginning of their work and in-service training. to be supported in various subjects including pedagogical techniques and materials,

Integration of students in general or private institutions who need special education directly and with the education and vocational training of children and young people with disabilities. to cooperate with people who are professionally interested,

Directly related EU like European Agency for Development in Special Need Education establishing a network where their knowledge and experience are shared with their organizations,

The facilities, opportunities and resources in all areas required from school to work they agreed to be provided

PROVIDING EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR EMPLOYMENT OF DISABLED PEOPLE

June 17, 1999, Council Resolution**(1999 / C 186/02)**

Council member states;

NGOs related to the disabled within the framework of their national employment policies and be in the private sector, including social partners, including starting their own businesses, improving the employment opportunities of people with disabilities, such as in the public sector, both to eliminate discrimination and to enter the market paying special attention to the actions and transactions that ensure their participation,

Technical equipment, including access to new information and communication technologies workplace equipment, transportation to workplaces, skills and skills required for work, professional orientation and job placement services,

If appropriate support and protection against unfair dismissal is provided, employees are hired and If special emphasis is placed on their ability to remain at work, within a consistent global policy framework, confirms that people can make progress in their employment.

GIVING PARK CARD FOR THE DISABLED**June 4, 1998, Council Recommendation****The (98/376 / EC)**

To the Council, the European Parliament, the Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions 12 Included in the short-term program communiqué prepared by the Commission in April 1995 In the countries belonging to the European Union, parking cards for people with disabilities it should be recognized. Again, on 26 November 1993, the Commission Commission on the accessibility of disabled people with limited mobility. A report has been prepared on taking precautions.

Additional concrete aiming at improving the professional and social integration of individuals with disabilities On December 20, 1996, the governments of the member states participated in taking measures. A principle decision was taken at the council meeting.

The mode of transportation chosen by individuals with disabilities is the most enhancing economic and social integration. is seen as an important factor. In some special cases, the area closest to the person's destination special parking card valid for all European Union countries. it should be given. With this card, determined in the country where the disabled person is located Independent movement of the individual with disabilities by providing some opportunities according to the rules is also aimed at increasing.

This park, which allows disabled people to park in the area closest to their destination local and regional authorities authorized to issue their cards to the Committee of the Regions counseling should be provided.

In accordance with the Principle of Entitlement Substitution, all member countries of the parking card for the disabled Independent movement of people with disabilities by carrying out activities for their recognition by should be supported.

Recognition of the parking card for the disabled in the member states of the community in the whole community and single It is desired to be given as a type.

Defining disability definitions and criteria for issuing parking cards for disabled people Responsibility.

Some security to avoid fake parking card or prevent card misuse measures should be taken.

Parking card application for the disabled in the European Transport Ministers Conference and this card It has taken a principle decision to be valid in all community countries.

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY TO BE RECOGNIZED TO INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES

December 20, 1996, Council Resolution

(97 / C / 12/01)

From member countries;

On the one hand, the necessary attention to the needs of families of disabled people and their caregivers on the other hand, including those with severe disabilities, be empowered to participate,

All kinds of general opinions about disability and handicapped opinions and evaluations coverage of the policy,

Ensuring the full participation of people with disabilities in society by removing obstacles,

Adopting the skills and abilities of people with disabilities and equal opportunity strategies nutrition of the general views of the society on the subject,

In the implementation and monitoring of policies and practices for the disabled encouraging their representatives to take part,

is required.

PARTICIPATION OF CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES AND YOUTH IN THE GENERAL EDUCATION SYSTEM

May 31, 1990, Council Resolution

(90 / C 162/02)

Member countries should consider their education systems within the framework of their own learning policies. participation of students with disabilities in the general education system whenever appropriate, or they agreed to strengthen their efforts to encourage accession as needed.

Full participation in the general education system, considered as the first option in all appropriate cases and all educational institutions are in a position to meet the needs of students with disabilities should be. On this subject, family-school-community-recreational activities-working life the links between them should be created and strengthened. General education for disabled students providing the highest possible level of education within the system of people with disabilities as an essential and indispensable condition for promoting independence and community participation must be accepted.

CULTURE, SPORTS, TOURISM AND LEISURE TIME OF SINGLE INDIVIDUALS PROVIDING FULL, EQUAL AND EFFECTIVE PARTICIPATION IN ITS EVENTS TOWARDS

11 December 2013, Recommendation

(CM / Rec (2013)

The Committee of Ministers is full of culture, sports, tourism and leisure activities of individuals with disabilities, CM / Rec (2013) 3 for Member States on ensuring equal and effective participation No. of Recommendation

(1187. Deputy Ministers organized by the Committee of Ministers on 11 December 2013. accepted at the meeting)

The Committee of Ministers under Article 15b of the Council of Europe Establishment Law,

The goal of the Council of Europe to achieve greater harmony among all its members and this cultural, social, political and citizenship of the target, among others, people with disabilities
Adoption of common rules on disability policies aimed at promoting their rights
considering that it can be realized through;

Keep in mind the Convention on the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms (ETS No. 5) keeping;

The principles contained in the revised European Social Charter (ETS No. 163), in particular "Independence, social integration and participation in social life of people with disabilities"
Having regard to Article 15 titled;

Council of Europe's European Cultural Convention (ETS No. 18), Archaeological Heritage
European Convention for the Protection of Food (ETS No.66), Treated Against Cultural Property
European Convention on Crimes (ETS No.119) for the Protection of the Architectural Heritage of Europe
Convention (ETS No.121), Convention for the Protection of Europe's Archaeological Heritage
(Revised) (ETS No.143), European Convention on Cinematographic Co-production
(ETS No.147) and the Council of Europe Framework on the Value of Cultural Heritage for Society
By keeping in mind their contracts, such as (CETS No.199),

Observe the UN Standard Rules for Equalizing Opportunities for Disabled People (1993) taking;

International Functionality, Disability and International Health of the World Health Organization (WHO)
Considering the Classification System (2001);

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With the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2008) in mind;

Member of the Committee of Ministers on the preparation of harmonious policies for individuals with disabilities
Having regard to Recommendation Rec (92) 6 for States;

Disabled people held in Malaga, Spain from 7 to 8 May 2003
Ministers responsible for policies for integration, Second European Ministers
"Progress towards full participation as citizens" at the Conference
Having regard to the Declaration of Ministers;

1592 (2003) of the Parliamentary Assembly,
taking into account the Recommendation "entitled";

Recommendation Rec (99) 9 on the role of sport in strengthening social cohesion; and
Like Rec (86) 18 Recommendation European Sport for All: Persons with Disabilities
Having regard to the Recommendations made in the field of sports;

A / RES / 406 (XIII) in the 13th Session by the World Tourism Organization (WTO) General Assembly
Global Ethical Principles on Tourism, adopted by the Resolution No.
Consider the Resolution of the General Assembly of the Nations dated 21 December 2001 A / RES / 56/212
taking the front;

The Council of Europe Committee of Ministers' rights to persons with disabilities towards Member States
and the European Council Disability Action Plan to promote full participation in society
2006 - 2015: Improving the quality of life of disabled people in Europe ”
Our work towards the goal of implementing Rec (2006) 5 Recommendation Recommendation
continuing;

Member of the Committee of Ministers on full participation through universal design
 Having regard to the Recommendation CM/Rec(2009)8 for States and its attached report;

Guaranteeing that people with disabilities can resign their rights without discrimination
 and the universality of all human rights and fundamental freedoms,
 confirming its indivisibility and interconnectedness;

The estimated ratio of people with disabilities to the total population in Europe is 15% and that of individuals with disabilities
 regular increase in the number of people, among other things, due to an increase in the expected life expectancy
 Considering that it will show;

Failure to promote the rights of individuals with disabilities and to ensure equal opportunities is a
 Considering that he will be in contradiction with his honor

Democracy and social provision of equal opportunities for members of all segments of society
 Considering that compliance is a guarantee;

International, national, regional, to ensure equal and full participation of individuals with disabilities in society
 and adopting a human rights-based approach in all policy areas at the local level
 believing that it is necessary;

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Issues related to disability through monitoring compatible policies and coordinated activities
 emphasizing that it should be handled in all segments;

For the purpose of implementing and following this Recommendation, culture, sports, tourism and
 in recreational activities with the representative of the disabled or other non-governmental organizations and other
 Emphasizing the importance of partnering with stakeholders;

Characteristics of governments of Member States, national, international and local structures and related
 advises them to take the following actions in line with their obligations:

Culture, tourism and entertainment for people with disabilities by following a dual approach
 It is designed specifically for people with disabilities while ensuring their participation in their activities.
 Special activities that reflect the needs and diversity of individuals should not be neglected.

As an active participant and audience for children and young people with disabilities from the earliest ages
 promote creative, artistic, mental and
 To ensure that training is provided to increase athletic potential
 appropriate, including accessibility, reasonable harmonization and related support services
 measures should be taken.

Appropriate measures should be taken, including the provision of relevant support services; National,
 public authorities, private organizations, cultural and sports organizations at regional and local levels; and
 specialization / citizenship associations, non-governmental organizations of individuals with disabilities, media, academic
 all other stakeholders operating in the fields of society and culture, sports, tourism and entertainment,
 to make these activities accessible to people with disabilities and to these activities
 national, regional and local in order to ensure full and equal participation of individuals with disabilities
 be encouraged to prepare strategy and action plans.

Preparation of legal and policy infrastructures and culture, sports, tourism and entertainment
 in the process of taking concrete measures to ensure the accessibility of their activities
 Effective and ongoing negotiations with people with disabilities and their representative organizations should be made,
 The negotiation process enables effective and meaningful participation of individuals with disabilities in these activities.
 should be regarded as a basic prerequisite for its provision.

In the initial phase of all projects; culture, sports, tourism and entertainment areas, programs,
 services, facilities, other relevant information, including new technologies
 information and communication technologies, especially universal design / design for all
 to ensure that people with disabilities are accessible through the implementation of their principles

adequate planning should be done, such planning should be at a very low additional cost or not at all. It is a very effective tool in terms of providing costless access and social integration and it contributes significantly to the optimization of expenses.

Universal design / to the general public through the implementation of design principles for all open all new culture, sports, tourism and entertainment services and facilities to disabled individuals. be fully accessible; to ensure the full and effective participation of individuals with disabilities environmental purposes in all existing goods, services, products, facilities and services in these areas, All barriers to architecture, information and communication should be identified and gradually eliminated.

Restriction of access to cultural, sports, tourism and entertainment activities on the basis of disability Effective by creating legal arrangements to ensure that it is evaluated as discrimination

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service providers operating in these areas (both public and and private sector), full and equal to ensure accessibility and reasonable accessibility. should be made liable for providing harmonization measures.

Public procurement procedures, incentives and aids for culture, sports, tourism and entertainment of individuals with disabilities are effective in promoting and supporting their access to and full participation in their activities. Appropriate measures should be taken to become a vehicle.

In service providers and organizations engaged in cultural, sports, tourism and entertainment activities Continuous vocational training on disability issues for all relevant staff Appropriate measures should be taken, and individuals with disabilities should be able to Comprehensive and complete about practical solutions that will enable him to participate as a viewer information should be provided.

Along with traditional culture, meeting places and programs; all available tools and easy readable / understandable texts, sign language translation, Braille, voice description and information and communication Alternative communication using modern technologies like modern technologies a wide range of culture, sports, tourism and entertainment including their styles regardless of the type of disability, their access to all people with disabilities and in order to ensure meaningful and effective participation as a viewer. Appropriate measures should be taken to ensure that it shows.

The diversity of people with disabilities for all stakeholders and culture, sports, tourism for all people with disabilities and leisure activities in different ways regardless of gender, age and type of disability. appropriate to encourage them to consider that they can participate measures should be taken.