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SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS LAW

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FIRST PART**Purpose, Scope and Definitions****Purpose and scope**

ARTICLE 1 - The purpose of this Act, the Republic of Turkey nationality of natural persons, legal persons of private law or custom granting permission to open private institutions to be opened by legal entities governed by the provisions of the law, transfer of the institution, transfer, staffing, financial support to the institutions and education and training, management of these institutions, private education institutions opened by foreigners with their supervision and supervision; education, administration, supervision, to regulate the procedures and principles regarding surveillance and personnel employment.

This law, the Republic of Turkey nationality of natural persons, legal persons of private law or according to special legal provisions private education institutions opened by managed legal entities and private education institutions opened by foreigners

Covers.

Definitions

ARTICLE 2 - In this Law;

- a) Ministry: Ministry of National Education,
b) Institution: Preschool education, primary education, secondary education, special education schools and various courses, special education courses, distance education institutions, (...) (1) motor vehicle drivers courses, in-service training centers, (...) (3) private education and rehabilitation centers, social activity centers and similar private education institutions, (1)(2)(3)
c) (**Change: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 9 art.**) School: Special education, pre-school, primary school, secondary school and secondary education and the Ministry Secondary education, whose activities continue until the end of the 2018-2019 academic year, private schools,
d) Foreign schools: Private schools opened by foreigners,
e) Minority schools: established by Greek, Armenian and Jewish minorities, secured by the Lausanne Treaty and preschool taken as belonging to the Republic of Turkey and its minority nationality students continue education, primary and secondary education private schools,
f) (**Repealed: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 9 art.**) (4)

(1) With the 9th article of the Law No. 6528 dated 1/3/2014, the phrase "classrooms," in this paragraph, has been repealed.

After the decision of the Constitutional Court dated 13/7/2015 and numbered E.:2014/88, K.: 2015/68, the words "classrooms," removal has been canceled.

(2) With the article 77 of the Decree Law No. 676 dated 3/10/2016, "various courses," to come after the phrase "special teaching courses," was added.

(3) From the article 5 of the Decree Law No. 687 dated 2/1/2017, the words "special education and rehabilitation centers" in this paragraph The phrase "social activity centers" has been added next and "student study centers," located in the same paragraph. The phrase has been repealed.

(4) With the Decision of the Constitutional Court dated 13/7/2015 and numbered E.: 2014/88, K.:2015/68, the repeal of this clause was canceled.

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g) (**Change: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 9 art.**) Various courses: (...), (1) social, artistic, sports, cultural and professional to develop their knowledge, skills, language, abilities and experiences, to evaluate their free time according to their wishes private educational institutions operating for the purpose of (1)

h) Special education school: There are specially trained personnel serving to individuals who require special education, the private education institution where the developed training programs are implemented,

i) Motor vehicle drivers course: Raising the motor vehicle driver and giving certificate of the exam result and traffic related private education institutions that provide education,

j) (**Repealed: 2/1/2017-KHK-687/5 art.**)

k) Special education and rehabilitation center: Speaking and language development difficulties of individuals requiring special education, voice eliminate mental disorders, mental, physical, sensory, social, emotional or behavioral problems, or minimizing, maximizing your abilities, basic self-care skills and independent life private educational institutions operating in order to develop their skills and adapt to society,

l) International private education institutions: Private education that only foreign students can continue institutions,

m) Founder: The real or legal person who owns the institution and whose license to open an institution is issued,

n) Founder representative: Selected on behalf of private legal entities or legal entities managed according to the provisions of private law people,

o) Distance education institution: For those who cannot continue their education for various reasons, all kinds of communication tools and education-educational institutions,

ö) (**Annex: 3/10/2016-KHK-676/77 art.**) Private education course: suitable for science groups determined by the Ministry knowledge, skills, abilities in educational environments in line with educational programs suitable for their educational level, interests and wishes and institutions that provide education in a science group, where they develop their experience and evaluate their free time,

p) (**Annex: 2/1/2017-KHK-687/5 art.**) Social activity center: between provincial national education directorates and municipalities Within the framework of the joint cooperation protocols made and approved by the Ministry, the opening and working license of the Ministry is given. Research on homework and projects of primary and / or secondary school students opened and operated by special activities in which social, cultural, artistic and sports activities are carried out in line with students' interests, wishes and abilities. educational institutions,

express.

(1) With the Decision of the Constitutional Court dated 13/7/2015 and numbered E: 2014/88, K.: 2015/68, "Secondary Education or provided that it is not a preparation for higher education entrance exams ..." was canceled.

SECOND PART

**Opening the Institution, Founder, Institution Buildings, International Private Education Institutions,
Foreign Schools and Minority Schools**

Institution opening permission

ARTICLE 3 - In order to start education in an institution, permission to open an institution is compulsory. Permission applications are related is made to the national education directorate. As a result of the examination made by the governorship, permission to open an institution is given. Applications regarding schools approved by the Governorate are about to be granted permission to open an institution. It is sent to the Ministry.

In case the request to open an institution is rejected by the governor's office, the requests of the founder or its representative by the founder An objection may be filed to the Ministry within fifteen business days from the notification of the transaction regarding the refusal. Appeals, fifteen jobs by the Ministry is decided on.

Unless the permission to open an institution is obtained, students cannot be registered to the institution.

Granting permission to open institutions is appropriate and sufficient in accordance with the purpose of use of the building and standards set by the Ministry.

However, it depends on the fulfillment of the following conditions:

- a) Determining that the course equipment is sufficient for the aims and needs of the institution with a report.
- b) The institution; approval of managers, teachers and other personnel in terms of number and qualifications and in this institution certifying that they will work.
- c) The curriculum has been examined and approved by the Ministry with the regulations of the institution.

(Changed fifth paragraph: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 10 art.) Primary, secondary, high school and special education schools under this Law Institution opening permissions issued after September 1 are valid from the following academic year.

The principles for naming institutions are determined by a regulation.

By real and legal persons; Except for the activities within the scope of in-service training,

The activities cannot be carried out without obtaining permission from the competent authorities according to this Law.

The same or similar private institutions of military schools, schools affiliated to the police organization and institutions providing religious education. educational institutions cannot be opened.

(Additional paragraph: 25/11 / 2010-6082 / 19 art.) 7th of the Metropolitan Municipality Law dated 10/7/2004 and numbered 5216 (d) of the first paragraph of the article, first article of the 15th article of the Municipality Law dated 3/7/2005 and numbered 5393 clause (c) of the paragraph and the first clause (a) of article 7 of the Special Provincial Administration Law dated 22/2/2005 and numbered 5302 Permits or licenses specified in the clause do not include private education institutions within the scope of this Law. Private education institutions In accordance with the legislation, opening and working license is granted by the Ministry. The Ministry has given this authority to governorates. It may delegate.

(Annex clause: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 10 art.) It is carried out to provide education and training under any name .

The activities are subject to the permission and supervision of the Ministry. In this Law for private education institutions carrying out these activities It is obliged to comply with the prescribed rules.

(Annex paragraph: 2/12 / 2016-6764 / 61 art.) It is the law that makes education and training activities within the scope of this Law. gross minimum for those who set up or operate places that do not have a workplace opening and work license, Administrative fines are applied 20 times of the fee and these places are closed by the governorships. Procedures and principles regarding the implementation of this paragraph determined by regulation.

(Annex paragraph: 2/12 / 2016-6764 / 61 art.) The legal entities of the private law, having the conditions specified in the 1st article of this Law . or foreigners who are founders of private educational institutions opened by legal entities managed according to the provisions of private law.

In case the partnership of natural or legal persons with nationality is determined, 20 times the gross minimum wage to the said institutions, administrative fines are imposed and 30 jobs for the termination of the partnership of foreign real persons or legal entities.

time is given. Despite the mentioned period, the partnership of foreign natural or legal persons is not terminated or

In case the partnership of natural or legal persons with foreign nationality is determined for the second time in the same institution,

The license to open a business and work permit is canceled. Procedures and principles regarding the implementation of this paragraph determines.

Qualifications of founder / founder representative and institution buildings

ARTICLE 4 - In the representatives of natural persons and legal persons who will open or take over an institution;

Even if they are forgiven, they are sentenced to six months or more in prison for a disgraceful crime or a deliberate crime.

the condition of not being sought is sought.

Quality of institution buildings, institutions that can be opened in these buildings and standards for all kinds of facilities and equipment

It is determined by the Ministry.

Public places such as taverns, coffee shops, cafes, bars, electronic game centers and alcoholic beverages are sold

places must be located at least one hundred meters from door to door from school buildings. Individuals in need of special education

This obligation is not sought in the education institutions they attend and other private education institutions other than schools. However, the promise

The private education institutions concerned and the workplaces of the type mentioned above cannot be located in the same building.

During the periods when the schools in the regions where tourism is intense, schools and schools mentioned above

One hundred meters distance is not required.

Principles about distance: jointly prepared by the Ministries of Interior, National Education, Health, Culture and Tourism.

determined by regulation.

International private education institutions, foreign schools and minority schools

ARTICLE 5 - Principles regarding international private education institutions, foreign schools and minority schools are listed below.

It indicated.

a) International private education institutions:

1) International private education, except for higher education, where only foreign students can continue

institutions; Direct by 4875, by foreign nationals and legal entities or by partnership with Turkish citizens

It can be opened with the permission of the Council of Ministers under the Foreign Investments Law. Natural persons nationals of the Republic of Turkey,

private legal entities or legal entities managed in accordance with the provisions of private law can also be called internationally for the same purpose.

can open a private educational institution.

2) In these educational institutions; The indivisible integrity, security and

Education and training against the national, moral, humanitarian, spiritual and cultural values of the Turkish Nation contrary to their interests cannot be conducted.

3) In these institutions, educational programs, educational activities and other processes related to the institution,

It is executed according to the principles prepared by the management and approved by the Ministry.

4) The inspection right of the Ministry in these matters is reserved.

b) Foreign schools:

- 1) With the permission of the Council of Ministers, it can acquire new land and increase its capacities up to five times.
- 2) On the condition that the lands on which they are built are not extended and with the permission of the Ministry, the building on the existing land, student and increase or renew hardware capabilities by no more than a maximum.
- 3) In case of need, the building can be renovated with the permission of the governor's office.
- 4) Except as specified in this paragraph, foreign schools; buildings cannot be expanded, branches cannot be opened, existing buildings buildings cannot be rebuilt instead of thick. For this purpose, no property can be acquired or rented.
- 5) The immovable properties of foreign schools, the proposal of their founders or officials, to the Ministry or establishment purposes It can be transferred to foundations established under the Turkish Civil Code No. 4721, which is to provide education, with the permission of the Council of Ministers. Those who are deemed beneficial to protect these transferred institutions by taking into account their management, education and training characteristics, It is.

c) Minority schools:

- 1) Schools in relation with Articles 40 and 41 of the Treaty under Law No. 340 of 23/8/1923 The matters that need to feature are determined by a regulation. This regulation is the corresponding countries' corresponding It is prepared by considering the legislation and applications. Official schools legislation on issues not specified in the regulation It applied. only members can read to their children in these schools minority citizens of the Republic of Turkey.

THIRD PART**Education, Management, Institution Closure and Personnel Operations****Education and training management**

ARTICLE 6 - Education and training in the institutions, Turkish expressed in the National Education Basic Law No. 1739 It is carried out in accordance with the general objectives and basic principles of National Education.

Curriculum and weekly course schedule to be applied in institutions, procedures and principles applied in official institutions within the framework. Different education programs and weekly course schedule, if deemed appropriate by the Ministry. applicable.

It is essential that the institution or institutions whose management is merged by a manager. governments The procedures and principles regarding the institutions to be merged are determined by a regulation.

One can be the founder of more than one institution. Founder / founder representative having the necessary qualifications, may be the director. The founder / founder representative, who does not have a managerial role, is responsible for training cannot be involved in related management affairs.

General managers and assistant general managers can be appointed to institutions that have more than one institution.

Cancellation of the institution opening permission, closing, transfer and transfer of the institution

ARTICLE 7 - (Amended first paragraph: 2/12 / 2016-6764 / 62 art.) Two years from the institutions granted permission to open an institution that does not start its activities, has a break without permission for more than the period specified in the regulation after it has started its operation, or the permission of the institutions determined to use the said permission other than its purpose, the opening of the institution and the opening and working license of the establishment are canceled. It is.

(Changed second paragraph: 2/12 / 2016-6764 / 62 art.) Of the private education institution;

- a) To make unauthorized changes in the layout plan approved by the Ministry,
- b) Placing false advertisements and advertisements or using student images and information in advertisements and advertisements,

- c) Weekly course schedules and programs are implemented in the institution without the permission of the Ministry,
 - d) In violation of this Law and the provisions specified in the regulations and directives enacted based on this Law.
- to make verbs,
- e) Not employing the number of personnel specified in the legislation or employing personnel contrary to the legislation,
 - f) General and special objectives and basic principles of National Education Basic Law No. 1739 dated 14/6/1973
- non-compliance,
- g) Losing any of the conditions for opening an institution,
 - h) Not being closed in accordance with the legislation,

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in the case; five times the gross minimum wage for acts in subparagraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d); For verbs in clauses (e) and (f) Administrative fines are applied ten times the gross minimum wage and twenty times the gross minimum wage for the act in (g). This paragraph (a), In the event that the acts in (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) are repeated, the amount of administrative fines is applied by increasing five times and this is In case of repeating the verbs in the subparagraphs for the third time, the license to open the institution and the opening and working license are canceled. twenty times of the gross minimum wage, administrative penalty will be given in case the act in the clause is processed and the working license is canceled. Administrative fines are imposed by the authority authorized to grant permission to open the institution. This paragraph The procedures and principles regarding its implementation are determined by a regulation.

School founder / founder representative; To the ministry, manager, teacher, expert tutor, master trainer and students / trainees at the end of the academic year provided that the reason is appropriate by the Ministry, provided that it is notified in writing at least three months ago. can close the school.

Founder / founder representative of other institutions other than schools to governorship, manager, teacher, expert tutor, master Provided that the instructor and student / trainees are notified in writing at least three months ago and the reason for which is approved by the governorship Otherwise, it may close its institution at the end of the period.

The institution that was closed or closed; their seals, all their notebooks, files about administrators, teachers and students and transfer their other documents to the relevant governorship. **(Changed second sentence: 2/12 / 2016-6764 / 62 art.)** Transfer and Twenty times of the gross minimum wage administrative penalty is imposed on the founder who avoids surrender or prohibits this task.

(Additional paragraph: 2/12 / 2016-6764 / 62 art.) Investigation with those who **closed their** institution without complying with the conditions specified in this Law . permission to open a business with the result of opening an institution and to open an institution again after five years to the founder whose working license has been canceled. or to take over or become a partner of an institution.

The lawsuit against the founders of the students / trainees or their parents regarding the closed institutions according to the general provisions opening rights are reserved.

Procedures and principles regarding the transfer and transfer of institutions are determined by a regulation.

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Personnel to be employed in institutions

ARTICLE 8 - The education and training and management services of the institutions, the main task of the institutions and managers It is essential to be carried out with education and training staff.

From the date an institution starts teaching, the number of available course hours is one third during the establishment, Three years after its establishment, the main duty of at least two-thirds is the teacher, expert instructor or master in these institutions. must be taught by tutors.

In order to be appointed to the least equivalent official educational institutions in the administrative and educational services of the institutions. those who have the necessary qualifications and conditions, and in the management and education services of institutions without official equivalence Those who meet the qualifications and conditions specified by the regulation are assigned.

In case of need, not to disrupt the main duties of the teachers working in official schools and to provide them with a monthly allowance. Only in schools, monthly, with the permission of the institutions they work for, provided that they fill the number of weekly course hours they are obliged to paid lessons can be given as half of the number of weekly lessons that the student is obliged to teach. **(Abolished second sentence: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 14 art.)**

To other civil servants who have the qualifications and conditions for teaching specialist, master trainer and teaching, With the permission of the units, paid lessons can be given for not exceeding ten hours a week.

Other issues related to the course hours will be determined by regulation.

The directors of the institutions, by the founder / founder representative; other manager and teacher, expert tutor and master teachers are selected by their principals and work permits are submitted to the governor's permission. Without the permission of the governor's office, the manager and the other administrators, teachers, expert tutors and master trainers cannot be recruited.

A work permit is issued by the governorate for managers, teachers, specialist teachers and master trainers who meet the necessary conditions. Cancellation of the work permit is made by the governor's office.

Foreigners who will work within the scope of this Law, provisions of the Law No. 4817 on Work Permits of Foreigners is assigned in line with.

Founders and principals of schools that teach in languages other than Turkish and have been opened by foreigners, Nationals of the Republic of Turkey, Turkish or Turkish culture courses do with the quality of teaching and learning language one of those who know, suggests to the governorship to issue a work permit as Turkish vice president.

If there is no Turkish or Turkish culture lesson teacher who knows the language of instruction, field trained the Republic of Turkey, the national teachers be given this task.

Turkish principal assistants of the schools who did not make this proposal within one month despite the warning, selects the governor's office among the teachers carrying it and starts work.

Personal rights and responsibilities

ARTICLE 9 - Manager, teacher, expert tutor and master trainers working in institutions and founder or founder employment contract to be made between the representative, at least for one calendar year, according to the principles specified by the regulation is done in writing. Transferred with those who will be replaced by teachers and tutors who left the institution due to their excuses Employment contracts can also be signed for less than a year with managers, teachers and teachers of institutions.

(Repealed second clause: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 14 art.)

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Additional payments within the scope of social assistance, the rights provided to official school teachers and staff with budget laws equivalent to school teachers and staff. Income tax from additional payments under social assistance not interrupted.

The amount of additional tuition fees in institutions cannot be less than the amount determined for official schools. However, Article 8 In accordance with the amount of additional tuition fees to be paid to those charged from public schools and institutions, for official schools cannot exceed twice the additional course fee determined.

Administrators, teachers, expert trainers and master trainers working in institutions, to keep the provisions of this Law for;

a) In terms of social security and personal rights; Social Insurance Law No. 506 and Labor Law No. 4857,

b) In terms of authority, responsibility, rewards and penalties and their implementation; Civil Servants Law No. 657,

Law No. 1702 on the Promotion and Delays of Primary and Secondary Education Scholars, Salary from Special Administrations numbered 4357 Promotion, Qualification and Punishment of the Primary School Teachers' Staff and to be Organized for These Teachers Health and Social Aid Fund, Law No. 4483 on Building Fund and Claims of Teachers and Law on Trial of Other Public Officials,

Subject to the provisions.

However, according to Law No. 657 on Civil Servants, acts requiring the suspension of the progress of the tier instead of the penalty to stop the progress of the tier, the salary between 1/4 and 1/2 of the gross pension

the cutting penalty is issued by the authority that issued the work permit. If it is repeated, the task is terminated.

Dismissal according to Law No. 1702 or State according to Law No. 657 on Civil Servants

In the event that acts and cases requiring the penalty of dismissal are processed, by taking the opinion of the Ministry, his duty is terminated by the authority that granted the permission.

Other principles and procedures regarding the implementation of powers, responsibilities, awards, registers, disciplines and penalties will be issued determined by regulation.

Administrators, teachers, expert tutors and master trainers working in institutions, commit crimes during their duties or the implementation of the Turkish Penal Code No. 5237 for crimes committed against them for their duties and punishment public officer is considered in terms of prosecution.

Cancellation of work permit and temporary assignment

ARTICLE 10 - Administrator, teacher, expert instructor and master whose failure is detected with two inspection reports The work permit of the teachers is canceled by the authority that granted the permission.

(Cancellation second paragraph: With the Decision of the Constitutional Court dated 22/5/2013 and numbered E .: 2013/39, K .: 2013/65.) (1)

This situation is reported to the institution to be notified to the concerned. The communiqué, the termination of the contract and the relationship of the concerned with the institution sufficient reason to cut.

During the inspection and supervision of the institutions, the governor's office, the manager, teacher, expert of the institution when necessary tutorials and master tutorials. In this case, the necessary measures will be taken by the governor's office with temporary assignment. Taken.

(1) This Cancellation decision was published in the Official Gazette dated 12/7/2013 and numbered 28705.

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SECTION FOUR**Audit, Advertising, Financial Provisions and Fees****Auditing, advertising and advertisements**

ARTICLE 11 - Institutions and personnel working in these institutions are under the supervision and supervision of the Ministry.

Special regulations of the institution are also taken into consideration in the inspections made in terms of education and administration.

Institutions may only advertise and advertise in accordance with their purposes. These institutions are in advertisements and advertisements. they cannot make false statements and advertise on television.

Financial provisions

ARTICLE 12 - Institutions cannot organize their activities solely for profit. However, Turkish National Education to increase the quality of education in line with its aims, to make investments and services that will provide opportunities and opportunities for their development can generate income.

Schools' water, gas and electricity charges are applied at the tariff applied to the official schools.

(Additional paragraph: 4/7 / 2012-6353 / 42 art.) Professional and technical services opened in organized industrial zones under this Law . starting from 2012-2013 academic year, in official schools for each student

Not exceeding one and a half times the cost of a student to the State according to the school type of education, each academic year

As of the Ministry of Finance and the amount determined jointly by the Ministry, the Ministry's budget was put into this purpose Education and training support can be made from the allowance.

(Annex paragraph: 4/7 / 2012-6353 / 42 art.) Organized industrial zones within the scope of this Law with the decision of the Council of Ministers procedures and principles in the sixth paragraph for students studying in vocational and technical education schools opened outside education and training support can be provided.

(Additional paragraph: 4/7 / 2012-6353 / 42 md .; various Clause: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 11 md.) These education the ones offering or benefiting from the service cause extra payment by making false statements

In the event of collecting these amounts, Public Receivables dated 21/7/1953 and numbered 6183 from the date of payment.

It will be paid within one month with the delay hike to be calculated according to the article 51 of the Law on Procedure.

It is requested from those who caused the notification. In the event that it is not paid within this period, these amounts are determined according to the provisions of the said Law.

It is followed and collected by the tax offices affiliated to the Ministry of Finance. In case of repetition of these acts, opening an institution also permissions are revoked.

(Additional clause: 4/7 / 2012-6353 / 42 art.) Support, including student achievement, on this subject criteria, rules on which fields of education and training will be supported, and other procedures and principles. Ministry of Finance and It is determined by the regulation prepared jointly by the Ministry.

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(Annex paragraph: 2/12 / 2016-6764 / 63 art.) Given in vocational and technical Anatolian high schools opened under this Law fields and branches in order to improve the quality of vocational education, professional knowledge and skills of teachers and students. Production can be done in workshops and laboratories with standards and equipment determined by the Ministry according to their characteristics, and income from the sale of manufactured goods is used in the education, training and management services of the school. Taking part in production The procedures and principles regarding the share paid to students and staff and production conditions are regulated by a regulation.

Tuition fee and other fees, free tuition and foreign students

ARTICLE 13 - Tuition fees and other fees are determined by institutions every year, and may not be later than January is announced in.

According to which principles the fees are determined, determined, declared and collected, it is determined by the regulation.

Institutions provide free students by not less than three percent of the number of students studying.

are required. This rate can be increased up to ten percent by the Ministry. **(Additional sentence: 6/2 / 2014-6518 / 84 art.)** In free reading;

Anti-Terrorism Law No. 3713 dated 12/4/1991, Cash Compensation and Monthly No 2330 dated 3/11/1980

Laws requiring monthly bonds by applying the provisions of the Law No. 2330 or Law No. 2330,

5434 dated 06.08.1949 and the Republic of Turkey Retirement Fund Law Article 56, Article 45 and Article 64 of the repealed

within the scope of article 47 of the Law No. 5510 dated 31/5/2006,

priority is given to children of education age and children whose protection, care or shelter decisions are made.

Procedures and principles regarding the percentage of students to be taught free of charge, selection and admission requirements to institutions determines.

Institutions can also offer tuition scholarships. Principles and procedures for granting a scholarship

determines.

The number of foreign students may be taken to a school, he read nationals of the Republic of Turkey students in school it cannot exceed thirty percent of the number.

CHAPTER FIVE

Temporary and Final Provisions

Laws, regulations and provisions without repeal

ARTICLE 14 - Private Education Institutions Law No. 625 dated 8/6/1965 has been repealed.

Regulations set forth in this Law come into force within one year from the effective date of the Law.

Placed.

In cases where there is no provision in this Law, the provisions of the legislation applied in official educational institutions are applied.

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ADDITIONAL ARTICLE 1 - (Addendum: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 12 art.)**(Cancellation first paragraph: With the Decision of the Constitutional Court dated 13/7/2015 and numbered E .: 2014/88, K .: 2015/68.)**

private elementary school that formal education under this Act, private school and private high school studying in Turkey

For students who are citizens of the Republic, a school at all levels according to the school type of a student

In order not to exceed the education period, education and training support can be provided. From education and training support under this paragraph those who receive education from private pre-primary education institutions, at most one academic year, provided that they are between 48-66 months can be benefited during.

Education and training support, minimum students determined by the Ministry for each class according to their education levels.

It can be given not to exceed the maximum number of students per classroom and in any case. Education and

The total number of students to be provided with teaching support is determined jointly by the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry every year.

Education and training support; priority of the region in development and development status, income of the student's family

level of education, the number of students in the education region, the success level of the supported student and the school to which the student will go

Criteria such as students can be given separately or together.

Those who offer or benefit from the said education and training service will have to pay extra

If they cause payment, these amounts are 51st of the Law No. 6183 from the date of payment.

to be paid within one month together with the delay hike to be calculated according to the article.

It is requested. If it is not paid within this period, these amounts are subject to the tax affiliated to the Ministry of Finance according to the provisions of the said Law. followed and collected by the offices. In case of repetition of these acts, institution opening permissions are also canceled.

Those who took over the institutions within the scope of the transformation program, provided that the same objectives and qualities are preserved, this article can be used with the permission of the Ministry.

At the end of the transformation process, the conditions that the formal education institution they want to transform must have

the institution opening permissions of those who cannot afford it are canceled and their activities are terminated. Incentives from institutions in this situation

education and training support, exemptions, exemptions and rights, and other incentives,

will be calculated according to article 51 of the Law No. 6183 from the date of benefiting from the relevant incentive.

Along with the delay hike, it is requested from those concerned with the notification to be paid within one month. If it is not paid within this period

these amounts are followed and collected by the tax offices affiliated to the Ministry of Finance in accordance with the provisions of the Law.

Within the scope of this article, the conditions to be sought in those who will be employed in the Ministry, to provide education and training support.

related criteria, types of educational institutions to which support will be provided, educational levels and support amounts to be provided by institutions,

control and supervision of education and training support and other procedures and principles for the implementation of this article

It is determined by the regulation prepared jointly by the Ministry and the Ministry.

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ADDITIONAL ARTICLE 2 - (Addendum: 3/10/2016-KHK-676/78 art.) ^{o)}

Primary and secondary education formal education programs, albeit with different names, except for schools and special education courses. Collective exam organizations with names that apply the same or some of them or for such programs such as trial and placement exams. private education institutions or places cannot be opened, operated by face-to-face or distance education method to operate in order to carry out their activities, teaching programs cannot be created. Non-governmental organizations and higher education institutions' units such as continuing education centers. these activities cannot be carried out. **(Supplementary sentence: 31/10/2016 - KHK-678/34 art.)** Municipalities, on the other hand, were made with provincial national education directorates and Within the framework of joint cooperation protocols approved by the Ministry, it can open free courses to support formal education programs. ^(one)

PROVISIONAL ARTICLE 1 - Until the regulations envisaged in this Law come into force, existing regulations are in violation of this Law. non-provisions are continued to be applied.

PROVISIONAL ARTICLE 2 - Teachers who work in official schools and give paid lessons in institutions before this Law comes into force, They can continue their duties at institutions until the expiry of their work permit period.

PROVISIONAL ARTICLE 3 - Article 12 of this Law shall be applied starting from the 2006-2007 academic year.

PROVISIONAL ARTICLE 4 - Private who has been granted permission as per the provisions of the Social Services and Child Protection Agency Law No. 2828 education and rehabilitation centers until 31/12/2007, opening permits in accordance with the conditions determined by the Ministry of National Education. They renewed.

PROVISIONAL ARTICLE 5 - (Annex: 1/3 / 2014-6528 / 13 art.)

(Cancellation first clause: With the Constitutional Court's Decision dated 13/7/2015 and numbered E.:2014/88, K.:2015/68.)

The Ministry, until the date of 1/9/2015, applicants, if deemed appropriate according to the principles to be determined, to the conversion program. Institutions included in the transformation program are foreseen in the legislation until the end of 2018-2019 academic year. Provided that they meet the conditions, the types of schools and other institutions they can transform, and the principles and procedures of transformation, Regulated.

(Annex paragraph: 19/11 / 2014-6569 / 41 art.) Regarding the education institutions included in the transformation program to continue their activities The first sentence of the third paragraph of Article 4 and the Law on the Law on Alcohol and Alcoholic Beverages with the Law No. 4250 dated 8/6/1942 9 The provisions of the second paragraph of the article 15 do not apply until the end of the 2018-2019 academic year.

(Annex clause: 2/1/2017-KHK-687/6 art.) Student study, which was included in the transformation program from those operating on the publication date of this paragraph Except for education centers, student study education centers still in operation continue their activities until 1/7/2017.

They can. Until 29/7/2017 at the latest, in paragraph (c), (g), (h), (i), (k), (o) and (ö) of the first paragraph of Article 2 of this Law not complied with the conditions required by one of the private education institutions defined and permission to open institutions is not regulated accordingly Continuous closure is applied to student study training centers. Issues regarding the implementation of this paragraph are issued by the Ministry. It is regulated by regulation.

(1) With the 34th article of the Decree No. 678 dated 31/10/2016, "Municipalities, civil society institutions "has been changed to" Non-governmental organizations ".

PROVISIONAL ARTICLE 6- (Annex: 3/10/2016-KHK-676/79 art.)

Private education courses operating on the date of publication of this article are subject to education and training activities 1/8/2017 They can continue in a science group as of. Institution opening permissions are arranged accordingly and at the latest As of 4/8/2017, private education without permission to open institutions to operate in a science group Continuous closure is applied about the courses.

The issues related to the application of this article and the definition of the science group are determined by the regulation issued by the Ministry of National Education. Regulated.

Force

ARTICLE 15 - This Law comes into force on the date of its publication.

Executive

ARTICLE 16 - The provisions of this Law are executed by the Council of Ministers.

10022-4

**ADDING AND CHANGING THE LAW NO 5580
LEGISLATION OR PROVISIONS CANCELED BY THE CONSTITUTIONAL COURT
LIST OF EFFECTIVE DATE OF ENFORCEMENT**

Shifters Law / Decree / Canceling Constitution Court decision Its number	Changing or canceling Law No. 5580 substances	Effective Date
6082	3	10/12/2010
6353	12	12/07/2012
Constitution the Court		

Dated 22/5/2013 E .: 2013/39, K .: No. 2013/65 decision	The second paragraph of Article 10	12/07/2013
6518	13	19/02/2014
6528	2, 3, 8, 9, 12, ADDITIONAL ITEM 1, TEMPORARY ARTICLE 5	14/03/2014
6569	TEMPORARY ARTICLE 5	29/11/2014
Constitution the Court		
Dated 13/7/2015 E .: 2014/88, K .: No. 2015/68 decision	2, Additional Article 1, Temporary Article 5	24/07/2015
DL / 676	2, Additional Article 2, Temporary Article 6	10/29/2016
DL / 678	Additional Article 2	11/22/2016
6764	3, 7, 12	09/12/2016
DL / 687	2, TEMPORARY ARTICLE 5	02/09/2017